

Data Sheet

Customer:

Product: Conductive Polymer Aluminum Solid Electrolytic Capacitors -

AREP Series

Sizes.: 0507/0508/0605/0608/0610/0611/0808/0810/0812/0816/0820/1010/

1012/1016/1020

Issued Date: 14-Dec-23

Edition: REV.A3



VIKING TECH CORPORATION 光頡科技股份有限公司

No.70, Guangfu N. Rd., Hukou Township, Hsinchu County 303, Taiwan (R.O.C)

,

TEL:886-3-5972931 FAX:886-3-5972935•886-3-5973494

E-mail:sales@viking.com.tw

VIKING TECH CORPORATION KAOHSIUNG BRANCH

光頡科技股份有限公司高雄分公司

No.248-3, Sin-Sheng Rd., Cian-Jhen Dist., Kaohsiung,

806, Taiwan

TEL:886-7-8217999 FAX:886-7-8228229

E-mail:sales@viking.com.tw

VIKING ELECTRONICS (WUXI) CO., LTD.

光頡電子(無錫)有限公司

No.22 Xixia Road, Machinery & Industry Park, National Hi-Tech Industrial Development Zone of Wuxi, Wuxi, Jiangsu Province, China

Zip Code:214028 TEL:86-510-85203339

FAX:86-510-85203667•86-510-85203977

E-mail:china@viking.com.tw

Produced by (QC)	Checked (QC)	Approved by (QC)	Prepared by (Sales)	Accepted by (Customer)
14-Dec-23	14-Dec-23	14-Dec-23	14-Dec-23	
Kris Chen	Ben Chang	Ben Chang		





Features

-Super low ESR, high ripple current capability

-Rated voltage: 6.3~35Vdc

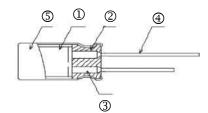
-Endurance: 3,000 hours at 105°C

Suitable for DC-DC converters,
 voltage regulators and decoupling applications

-RoHS Compliant

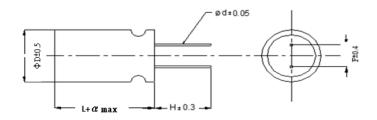
Construction

Radial type capacitors shall be enclosed wound element, where anode and cathode foils with lead wire termination shall be winded together with separator, with conductive polymer electrolyte in a plastic coated aluminum case and sealed up tightly with rubber.



1	Element	4	Lead Wire
2	Seal	(5)	Case
3	Aluminum Tab		

■Dimensions



Unit: mm

Туре	D	L	α	d	F	Н
AREP0507	5.0±0.5	7.0	-0.5~1	0.50±0.05	2.0±0.4	3.2±0.3
AREP0508	5.0±0.5	8.0	-0.5~1	0.50±0.05	2.0±0.4	3.2±0.3
AREP0605	6.3±0.5	5.0	-0.5~1	0.45±0.05	2.5±0.4	3.2±0.3
AREP0608	6.3±0.5	8.0	-0.5~1	0.60±0.05	2.5±0.4	3.2±0.3
AREP0610	6.3±0.5	10.0	-0.5~1	0.60±0.05	2.5±0.4	3.2±0.3
AREP0611	6.3±0.5	11.0	-0.5~1	0.60±0.05	2.5±0.4	3.2±0.3
AREP0808	8.0±0.5	8.0	-0.5~1	0.60±0.05	3.5±0.4	3.2±0.3
AREP0810	8.0±0.5	10.0	-0.5~1	0.60±0.05	3.5±0.4	3.2±0.3
AREP0812	8.0±0.5	12.0	-0.5~1	0.60±0.05	3.5±0.4	3.2±0.3
AREP0816	8.0±0.5	16.0	-0.5~1	0.60±0.05	3.5±0.4	3.2±0.3
AREP0820	8.0±0.5	20.0	-0.5~1	0.60±0.05	3.5±0.4	3.2±0.3
AREP1010	10.0±0.5	10.0	-0.5~1	0.60±0.05	5.0±0.4	3.2±0.3
AREP1012	10.0±0.5	12.0	-0.5~1	0.60±0.05	5.0±0.4	3.2±0.3
AREP1016	10.0±0.5	16.0	-0.5~1	0.60±0.05	5.0±0.4	3.2±0.3
AREP1020	10.0±0.5	20.0	-0.5~1	0.60±0.05	5.0±0.4	3.2±0.3

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■Product Identification

AREP	0508	M	В	6V3	271
Product Type	Dimensions (DxL)	Capacitance Tolerance	Packaging Code	Rated Voltage	Capacitance
	0507: 5.0x7.0 0508: 5.0x8.0 0605: 6.3x5.0 0608: 6.3x8.0 0610: 6.3x10.0 0611: 6.3x11.0 0808: 8.0x8.0 0810: 8.0x10.0 0812: 8.0x12.0 0816: 8.0x16.0 0820: 8.0x20.0 1010: 10.0x10.0 1012: 10.0x12.0 1016: 10.0x16.0	M: ±20%	B: Bulk	6V3: 6.3V 6V8: 6.8V 7V5: 7.5V 10V: 10V 12V: 12V 16V: 16V 20V: 20V 25V: 25V 35V: 35V	331: 330uF 102: 1000uF

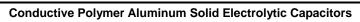
■Standard Ratings

1020: 10.0x20.0

Part No.	WV/Vdc (SV)	Capacitance (uF)	Leakage Current (uA)	$ an \delta$	ESR (mΩmax/20℃, 100K to 300KHz)	Rated Ripple Current (mArms/105℃/100KHz)	Sizs Code
AREP0605MB6V3221		220	277	0.10	15	3160	0605
AREP0507MB6V3271		270	340	0.10	12	3500	0507
AREP0508MB6V3331		330	500	0.10	8	4050	0508
AREP0605MB6V3331		330	500	0.10	17	3390	0605
AREP0608MB6V3331		330	500	0.10	8	4700	0608
AREP0508MB6V3391		390	500	0.10	11	3700	0508
AREP0508MB6V3471		470	592	0.10	8	4050	0508
AREP0608MB6V3471		470	592	0.10	8	4700	0608
AREP0608MB6V3561	6.3 (7.2)	560	705	0.10	8	4700	0608
AREP0608MB6V3681	, ,	680	857	0.10	8	4700	0608
AREP0608MB6V3821		820	1033	0.10	8	4700	0608
AREP0610MB6V3102		1000	1260	0.10	8	4700	0610
AREP0808MB6V3102		1000	1260	0.10	7	6100	8080
AREP0812MB6V3122		1200	1512	0.10	7	6100	0812
AREP0812MB6V3152		1500	1890	0.10	7	6100	0812
AREP1010MB6V3152		1500	1890	0.10	12	5025	1010
AREP1012MB6V3152		1500	1890	0.10	7	6640	1012
AREP0507MB6V8271		270	367	0.10	12	3500	0507
AREP0508MB6V8331		330	449	0.10	11	3800	0508
AREP0508MB6V8471	6.8 (7.8)	470	639	0.10	8	3200	0508
AREP0508MB6V8501		500	680	0.10	11	3800	0508
AREP0608MB6V8821		820	1115	0.10	8	5500	0608
AREP0610MB6V8102		1000	1360	0.10	8	5500	0610

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Part No.	WV/Vdc (SV)	Capacitance (uF)	Leakage Current (uA)	$ an\delta$	ESR (mΩmax/20℃, 100K to 300KHz)	Rated Ripple Current (mArms/105°C/100KHz)	Sizs Code
AREP0507MB7V5271		270	405	0.10	12	3500	0507
AREP0508MB7V5391		390	585	0.10	11	3800	0508
AREP0508MB7V5501	7.5	500	750	0.10	12	3500	0508
AREP0608MB7V5561	(8.6)	560	705	0.10	8	4700	0608
AREP0608MB7V5681		680	1020	0.10	12	4780	0608
AREP0611MB7V5821		820	1230	0.10	10	5200	0611
AREP0608MB100221		220	440	0.10	10	4500	0608
AREP0608MB100331		330	660	0.10	10	4500	0608
AREP0610MB100471		470	940	0.10	10	4700	0610
AREP0610MB100561	10	560	1120	0.10	10	4700	0610
AREP0808MB100681	(11.5)	680	1360	0.10	12	4700	0808
AREP0812MB100821		820	1640	0.10	7	6100	0812
AREP0812MB100102		1000	2000	0.10	8	6100	0812
AREP0812MB100152		1200	2400	0.10	12	3900	0812
AREP0610MB120471	12	470	1128	0.10	12	3900	0610
AREP0610MB120561	(13.8)	560	1344	0.10	12	3900	0610
AREP0508MB160101		100	320	0.10	18	2690	0508
AREP0508MB160221		220	704	0.10	18	2600	0508
AREP0608MB160221		220	704	0.10	15	3200	0608
AREP0608MB160271		270	864	0.10	15	3800	0608
AREP0608MB160331		330	1056	0.10	20	2800	0608
AREP0611MB160471		470	1505	0.10	16	4000	0611
AREP0808MB160471		470	1505	0.10	16	4000	0808
AREP0812MB160471		470	1505	0.10	10	5230	0812
AREP1010MB160471		470	1505	0.10	10	4350	1010
AREP1012MB160471	16 (18.4)	470	1505	0.10	10	6100	1012
AREP0611MB160561	, ,	560	1792	0.10	20	3500	0611
AREP0812MB160561		560	1792	0.10	14	4950	0812
AREP0812MB160681		680	2176	0.10	10	5230	0812
AREP0812MB160821		820	2624	0.10	10	5230	0812
AREP0816MB160102		1000	3200	0.10	10	6100	0816
AREP1012MB160102		1000	3200	0.10	12	5400	1012
AREP1012MB160122		1200	3840	0.10	10	6100	1012
AREP0816MB160152		1500	4800	0.10	10	6100	0816
AREP1020MB160222		2200	7040	0.10	8	8100	1020

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Part No.	WV/Vdc (SV)	Capacitance (uF)	Leakage Current (uA)	$ an\delta$	ESR (mΩmax/20℃, 100K to 300KHz)	Rated Ripple Current (mArms/105℃/100KHz)	Sizs Code
AREP0610MB200331		330	1320	0.10	16	3460	0610
AREP0810MB200391	20	390	1560	0.10	14	4970	0810
AREP0812MB200471	(23)	470	1880	0.10	14	4970	0812
AREP0816MB200681		680	2720	0.10	16	4650	0816
AREP1012MB250331		330	1650	0.10	16	5100	1012
AREP0812MB250471		470	2350	0.10	16	4650	0812
AREP1012MB250471		470	2350	0.10	17	4650	1012
AREP0816MB250561		560	2800	0.10	14	5000	0816
AREP1012MB250561	25	560	2800	0.10	14	5000	1012
AREP0816MB250681	(28.8)	680	3400	0.10	14	5000	0816
AREP1012MB250681		680	3400	0.10	14	5100	1012
AREP0820MB250821		820	4100	0.10	13	5100	0820
AREP1016MB250102		1000	5000	0.10	13	5200	1016
AREP1020MB250152		1500	7500	0.10	13	5300	1020
AREP0608MB350101		100	700	0.10	35	2350	0608
AREP1012MB350331		330	2310	0.10	24	4000	1012
AREP0820MB350471	35	470	3290	0.10	20	4400	0820
AREP1016MB350471	(40.3)	470	3290	0.10	25	4000	1016
AREP1016MB350561		560	3920	0.10	23	4200	1016
AREP1020MB350681		680	4760	0.10	20	4800	1020

[■]Category temperature range: -55~+105°C

■Frequency Correction Factor of Allowable Ripple Current

Frequency	120Hz≦f<1KHz	1KHz≦f<10KHz	10KHz≦f<50KHz	50KHz≦f<100KHz	100KHz≦f≦300KHz
Coefficient	0.05	0.3	0.7	0.85	1

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[■]Surge voltage: rated voltage*1.15

[■]Rated ripple current: Rated ripple current shall be in accordance with standard ratings list.

These current are rms values of sine wave of 100KHz at 105 $^{\circ}\!\mathrm{C}$





■Environmental Characteristics

General

Item	Specifications
Measurement condition	Each measurement shall be conducted at a temperature of 15 to 35 $^{\circ}$ C, and relative humidity of 45 to 85%. Furthermore, these measurements shall be preferably conducted at a temperature of 20±2 $^{\circ}$ C, and relative humidity of 60 to 70%, while the capacitors shall be kept enough time in the measuring temperature.
Voltage treatment	If leakage current is doubtful, measure it after performing voltage treatment, which shall contain the following steps: (1) Applied DC rated voltage to the capacitors for 60 minutes at 105±2 °C. (2) Cooled down to room temperature with applying voltage. (3) Discharged through a resistor of approximately 1Ω/V.

Electrical Performance Test

Item	Requi	rement	Test Condition		
Tolerance on Rated Capacitance	In Within standard ration	ngs	Rated capacitance shall meet within ±20% tolerance against the rated capacitance measured at 120Hz±10% at 20±2°C.		
Leakage current	In accordance within standard ratings		DC rated voltage shall be applied between anode and cathod lead wire terminations of a capacitor through 1Kω protective resistance, and the leakage current shall be less than or equal to the value listed in accordance with electrical specification after a minutes with the voltage reaching the rated value at 20±2°C. If the value is doubtful, measure the leakage current after performing voltage treatment as follows Voltage treatment		
I langent of loss angle (tan 8)	$ an \delta$ values shall be less than or equal to 0.10		At 120Hz±10% at 20±2℃.		
Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR)	shall be less than or equal to the value in standard ratings		Equipment: Agilent technology 4263B or equivalent Test fixture: Agilent technology 16047E or equivalent Compensation: Short and open compensation would be required, Short correction is performed using the shorting plate made of 0.5 thickness copper plate with gold coating Signal level: 500mV Frequency: 100KHz Measurement point: Point of lead wire within 1mm form the body		
	Impedance ratio	Performance			
Impedance at high and low temperature	Z(-55°C)/Z(+20°C)	≦1.25	at -55±3℃ or 105±2℃, 100kHz		
	Z(-105°C)/Z(+20°C)	≦1.25			

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Mechanical Characteristies Test

ltem		Requirement		Test Condition			
Pull Strength Load of Lead Wire Terminations	That capacitor defective in use.	shall not appear any change	With the body of a cathe load listed shall the load listed shall the load of the load of 10±1 second Pull strength load of 10±1 second Pull s	be applied to the lead , gradually up to the ls.	specified value and		
Bending Strength of Lead Wire Terminations	That capacitor defective in use.	shall not appear any change	Bending strength loal lead wire termination bent 900 and return shall be performed a shall be bent 90°at the original position at satisfied Bending strength of Lead wire diameter (mm) 0.35 <d≤0.5 0.35<d≤0.8<="" td=""><td>i, and the body of a country of a country of the co</td><td>apacitor shall be a. This operation b. Then the body and return to its</td></d≤0.5>	i, and the body of a country of a country of the co	apacitor shall be a. This operation b. Then the body and return to its		
Vibration	be stabilized who	measured electrical value shall en that capacitor is measured 5 minutes before completion of		and return to 10Hz in a capacitor should be cular to the other two axis, and last for 2 h test, measured electropacitor is measure electron of test. A capar less from the body	a about 1 minute. It three directions, It as longitudinal axis It is as lon		
Solderability	Least 95% of circumferential surface of the dipped portion of termination shall be covered with new solder.				solution (25 \pm 2%) of minations shall be H63A) of 235 \pm 5 $^{\circ}$ C		
Resistance to Soldering Heat	Characteristics Capacitance change $\tan \delta$ Leakage current Visual	Performance Within ±5% of the value before test Not exceed than the value in standard ratings Not exceed than the value in standard ratings No remarkable abnormality	A Capacitor shall It is having a thickness of from the body. The dipped for 5 to 10 (25±2%) of colophor shall be immersed to 260±5 and up to the kept for 10±1second A Capacitor shall	of 1.6mm up to the en the lead wire to seconds in the flux nium. And then the le to the solder (H60A, e point of the Printe s, and pulling it out.	point 1.5 to 2.0mm ermination shall be of ethanol solution and wire termination H60S or H63A) of d circuit board and		
Resistance to Solvent	Marking: easily Appearance: not	readable appear any abnormality	isopropylalcohol at 2				

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Environmental Performance Test

Item	Requirements	Test Condition		
Damp Heat, Steady State		A capacitor shall be subjected to a temperature of $60\pm2^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$ and relative humidity of 90 to 95% without voltage applied for a period of 1000+24/-0 hours. Then that capacitor shall be taken out from the above condition to a temperature of $20^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$		
Endurance	Appearance: No significant damage	A capacitor shall be subjected to a temperature of $105\pm2^{\circ}$ C with test voltage applied for a period of 3,000+72/-0 hours and take out from the above condition to a temperature of 20 $^{\circ}$ C. Besides, the applied voltage shall increase up from 0V to test voltage step by step (maximum 5 minutes), and the impedance of the source shall be equal to about 3Ω /V.		
Surge Voltage	Capacitance change: ≦±20% of the initial value tan δ & ESR:≦150% of the initial specified value Leakage current: ≦the initial specified value	when the capacitors are restored to +20°C after the surge voltage is applied at a cycle of 360 seconds which consists charge for 30±5 seconds through a protective resistor of 1KΩand discharge for 330 seconds, for 1000 cycles at 105±2°C ② :DC voltmeter R1:Protective resistor 1kΩ R2:Discharging resistor 1kΩ Cx:Capacitor under test Surge voltage circuit		
Rapid Temperature Change	Appearance: No significant damage Capacitance change: $\leq \pm 20\%$ of the initial value tan δ & ESR: \leq the initial specified value Leakage current: \leq the initial specified value	The characteristics of a capacitor kept under the temperature cycle indicated in Figure 2 for 5 cycles and followed the voltage treatment as follows Voltage treatment 105°C 55°C Figure 2 Rapid temperature change profile		

■Packing Quantity

Туре	PE Bag(PCS)	Inner Box(PCS)
AREP0507	500	4,000
AREP0508	500	4,000
AREP0605	500	6,000
AREP0608	500	4,000
AREP0610	500	3,000
AREP0611	500	3,000
AREP0808	500 3,000	
AREP0810	500	2,000
AREP0812	500 2,000	
AREP0816	500 2,000	
AREP0820	500 1,600	
AREP1010	500 2,000	
AREP1012	500 2,000	
AREP1016	400 1,600	
AREP1020	350 1,200	

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■Instructions of Capacitors

1. Cautions on use of Capacitor

Polarity

Solid electrolytic capacitors are polarized capacitors. Use capacitors after verifying their positive and negative polarities. If these capacitors are installed in the reverse polarity, its life may shorten because of increasing leakage current or short circuit.

- Types of circuits in which capacitors are prohibited from being used AREP series may be heated by soldering to increase in its leakage current slightly. This may have some influence on the characteristics capacitors in the following circuits.
 - (1) Time constant circuit
 - (2) Coupling circuit
 - (3) High impedance voltage holding circuit
 - (4) Connection of two or more capacitors in series for higher withstand voltage.

Over voltage

If AREP series is applied a voltage higher than the rated voltage for an instantaneous period, it may be defected due to short circuit. Note that the voltage over the rated voltage must not be applied to capacitors

Repeat of rapid charging and discharging

If AREP series is used in a rapid charging and discharging circuit or receive the flow of excess rush current, its life may shorten by large leakage current or short circuit. The charging and discharging current through AREP series should be less than 10A.

Soldering

Capacitors should be soldered under the soldering conditions defined in the delivery specifications. Some improper soldering condition may cause the leakage current of capacitors to increase or other parameters to change.

Use of capacitors for industrial equipment

When capacitors are used for industrial equipment, the circuits should be designed to have sufficient margins in the ratings of capacitors including capacitance and impedance. Without sufficient margins in the characteristics, the reliability of the capacitors may be reduced by their shorter life. Always contact us if you want to use capacitors for equipment affecting human lives such as space, aviation, atomic power, and medical devices. Never use capacitors for the used without our prior approval.

2. Notes on circuit designs for capacitors

■Rating and performance

Use capacitors within the rating and performance ranges defined in the brochures and delivery specification of capacitors after checking the operating and installation environments.

Operating temperature

If AREP series is used at a temperature higher than the upper specified temperature (105° C), its life may be remarkably shortened or the leakage current may increase to cause defective.

■Ripple current

Never make current larger than the rated ripple current through AREP series. If excess ripple current flows through AREP series, internal heat may be generated largely to make its life shortened or cause it to be defected due to short circuit.

Leakage curren

Depending on the soldering conditions, the leakage current of AREP series may increase slightly. The application of DC voltage enables the capacitors to be repaired by itself. This leads the leakage current to be smaller gradually. The leakage current can be reduced fast if the DC voltage, which is less than the rating voltage, is applied at the temperature close to the upper specified temperature.

Applied voltage

- (1) To secure the reliability of capacitors, it is recommended that the voltage applied to them should be less than 80% of the rated voltage.
- (2) The peak value of the ripple voltage superimposed with the DC voltage should be less than the rated voltage.

Failure mode

AREP series contains a conductive polymer as material of cathode electrode. Therefore, like other solid electrolyte capacitors, the life ends mostly due to random failure mode, mainly short circuit. If a current continuously flow through the capacitor due to short circuit, the capacitor would be overheated higher than 300°C and then aluminum case of the capacitor would be removed by increasing internal pressure due to the vaporization of materials.

Insulation

- (1) Plastic coated case of capacitors is not secured to insulate. Do not use capacitors in areas requiring insulation.
- (2) Isolate the case of AREP series from the positive and negative terminals and adjacent circuit patterns.

Design of printed circuit board

Take note on the subjects when capacitors are installed on printed circuit boards:

- (1) Verify that the lead spacing fit hole pitches on printed circuit board.
- (2) Do not place heating components on boards to be close to capacitors or in the backside of them.
- (3) If capacitors are mounted on a double-sided PC board, design the board so that extra or through holes may not be opened below them.

Parallel connection

If AREP series is connected with another type of a capacitor in parallel, larger ripple current may flow through one of capacitors. Take the current balance among them into account in circuit designs.

Using temperature and frequency

The electric characteristics of capacitors depend on the variations of the ambient temperature and frequency. Check the variations in designing circuits.

3. Notes on installation of capacitors

■Notes on pre-installation of capacitors

(1) Do not reuse capacitors installed in a unit with the power supply turned on for another unit. No used capacitors shall be reused excluding those removed to measure their electric characteristics in periodical inspection.

(2) If AREP series stored for a long period may often increase in its leakage current, connect a resistor of approximately $1k\Omega$ to the capacitors for voltage treatment.

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Notes at installation of capacitors

- (1) Install capacitors in a unit after confirming that their ratings (rated capacitance and rated voltages) meet the conditions of the unit.
- (2) Install capacitors in the correct polarities.
- (3) Take care not to drop capacitors on floors. Do not use capacitors dropped on floors.
- (4) Do not deform capacitors to install them in units.
- (5) Install AREP series on a printed circuit board after confirming that its lead pitch is equivalent to the corresponding hole pitch.
- (6) At the picking, mounting, and locating by an automatic inserter or the cutting of the leads of AREP series by an automatic mounter, some stress may be applied to the AREP series. Take note on the shock.
- (7) Do not apply any excess force with the terminals of capacitors.

Heating

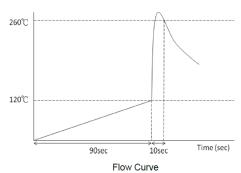
In preheating or heating for adhesion and fixing of other electronic components, the temperature put to capacitors should be less than 120°C. The total heating period should be shorter the 90 seconds

Soldering by soldering iron

- (1) Capacitors should be soldered under the conditions as follows:
 - The iron tip at the temperature of 400 10°C or less may be put to each lead of AREP series for shorter than 3+1 seconds.
- (2) The lead wire terminations of capacitors may be required to be processed because the distance between the terminals is not equivalent to that of corresponding holes on the printed circuit board. Process the terminations so that no stress may be applied to the capacitors itself before soldering.
- (3) Do not make the tip of a soldering iron be in contact with capacitors themselves.
- (4) The leakage current of soldered capacitors may increase slightly depending on several conditions including pre-heating, soldering temperature and period, and board material and thickness. However, the leakage current decreases gradually by the self-repair characteristic of capacitors when they are used with voltage application.

Flow soldering

- (1) Do not dip capacitors themselves into melted solder in soldering. Only provide soldering for the board surface in the backside of the surface on which the capacitors are mount
- (2) Solder capacitors under the soldering conditions as follows.
 - (a) Pre-heat condition: atmosphere temperature 120°C or less for up to 90 seconds
 - (b) Soldering condition: solder temperature 260°C or less for up to 10 seconds.
- (3) Note that flux may not adhere to any substances except lead wires.
- (4) Do not make any other components fallen at capacitors in soldering



■Handling of capacitors after soldering

- (1) Do not incline, bend, and twist capacitors.
- (2) Do not grab capacitors as a handle to carry the printed circuit board.
- (3) Do not hit objects against capacitors. When printed circuit boards are piled up, do not make them and/or other components be in contact with capacitors.
- (4) Do not drop printed circuit boards with capacitors installed.

Cleaning of printed circuit board

As long as the cleaning agents prescribed in the catalogue or the specification sheet are used, the cleaning does not give the capacitors any damage. For CFCs substitutions and other cleaning agents, consult us before actual use.

Fixing and coating materials

Contact us for fixing and coating materials appropriate for capacitors and their heat curing conditions.

4. Notes on use of capacitors in unit

- (1) Never make your fingers contact with the lead wire terminations of capacitors.
- (2) Do not make lead wire terminations of AREP series to be in contact with each other through a conductor. Do not put conductive liquid such as acid and alkali solutions on capacitors.
- (3) Confirm that the unit including capacitors is placed in proper conditions. Do not place the unit in the following areas:
 - (a) Area in which they are directly exposed to water, brine, or oil or in condensation status.
 - (b) Area filled with poisonous gases including hydrogen sulfide, sulfurous acid, nitrous acid, chlorine and ammonia.
- (c) Area to which ultraviolet and/or radial rays are radiated
- (4) Provide aging for a unit containing capacitors within the period defined for them.
- (5) It is recommended to use a unit containing capacitors in the normal temperature range of 15°C to 35°C and the normal humidity range of 75% or less.

Action at emergency

- (1) At the occurrence of short circuit in AREP series, some heat is generated from it if the short-current rather small. If the short current exceeds the above value, the capacitors is heated excessively. If so, turn off the power of the unit without your face and hands being close to the capacitors.
- (2) Never lick the electrolyte of conductive polymer in capacitors. If the electrolyte is put on your skin, wash it away carefully with soap.
- (3) The materials of seal rubber used for capacitors are flammable. If an adjacent component is burned, seal rubber of the capacitors may burn. Take sufficient note on the installation procedures and locations of capacitors and the pattern designs of printed circuit boards.

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6. Storage

- (1) Store capacitors in an area in the temperature range between 15°C to 35°C and the relative humidity of 75% or less without direct sunshine. In addition, store them in the package states if possible.
- (2) Capacitors should be stored for up to three years to maintain their good soldering features and characteristics.
- (3) Capacitors are recommended that you shall open the bag just before use and capacitors shall be used up. If some quantity was not need, please seal it with adhesive tape.
- (4) Never store capacitors in any area in which they are directly exposed to water, brine, or oil or in condensation status.
- (5) Never store capacitors in any area filled with poisonous gases including hydrogen sulfide, sulfurous acid, nitrous acid, chlorine, and ammonia.
- (6) Never store capacitors in any area to which ultraviolet and/or radial rays are radiated.

7. Exhaustion of capacitors

Capacitors are composed of organic compounds, resins and metals. Request an industrial dispose company to dispose of used capacitors.

8. Export Trade Control Ordinance

Item 41-4 in Section 2 of Appendix Table 1 (Section 49 in Chapter 1 of MITI's Ordinance) and Item 7 in Section 7 of Appendix Table 1 (Section 6 in Chapter 6 of MITI's Ordinance) state export regulations on pulse use capacitors (750V of higher) and high voltage use capacitors (5,000V or higher). However, aluminum electrolytic capacitors are less than 750V in their voltage range, so that the regulations do not apply to the aluminum electrolytic capacitors.

Marking

The color of marking ink is red



(1)	Polarity	(4)	Production Period Code
(2)	Series	(5)	Rated Capacitance
(3)	Year Code EX:Z-2019,A-2020	(6)	Rated Voltage

For detail questions, contact: sales@viking.com.tw Edition: REV.A3 Revision: 14-Dec-2023